

Package: D3partitionR (via r-universe)

October 15, 2024

Title Interactive Charts of Nested and Hierarchical Data with 'D3.js'

Version 0.5.0

Description Builds interactive 'd3.js' hierarchical visualisation easily. D3partitionR makes it easy to build and customize sunburst, circle treemap, treemap, partition chart, ...

Depends R (>= 3.3.1)

Imports data.table, magrittr, htmlwidgets, functional, RColorBrewer, titanic

License AGPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

Repository <https://antoineguillot2.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/antoineguillot2/d3partitionr>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 6c9f6bb88679f291b431f65b7420517f1dad4d5f

Contents

add_data	2
add_nodes_data	3
add_title	3
aggregate_sessions_to_path	4
compile_D3_partitionR	4
compute_unique_leaf_name	5
D3partitionR	5
D3partitionR-shiny	6
df_to_nest	6
find_min_max_tree	7
get_all_nodes_names	7
is_present_variable	8
plot.D3partitionR	8

scale_type	9
set_chart_type	10
set_continuous_color_scale	10
set_discrete_color_scale	11
set_labels_parameters	11
set_legend_parameters	12
set_shiny_input	12
set_tooltip_parameters	13
set_trail	13
strip_path	14
tooltip_builder	14

Index	15
--------------	-----------

add_data	<i>Append data to a D3partitionR object</i>
----------	---

Description

Append data to a D3partitionR object

Usage

```
add_data(D3partitionR_object, data, steps, count = "value", color = "name",
  label = "name", tooltip = "name", aggregate_fun = NULL)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object	The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended
data	a data.frame object
steps	The vector of steps to be used
count	The variable to be used as the count variable, typically, the number of occurrences.
color	a variable to use as color (default: name)
label	a variable to use as label (default: name)
tooltip	a variable to use as tooltip (default: name)
aggregate_fun	A named list of function which will be used to aggregates to variables used in color, label or tooltips. This only applies to variable in the provided dataset.

Value

The D3partitionR object with the appended data

add_nodes_data	<i>Add informations (for instance new names, colors,) to the nodes of a D3_partitionR object</i>
----------------	---

Description

Add informations (for instance new names, colors,) to the nodes of a D3_partitionR object

Usage

```
add_nodes_data(D3partitionR_object, nodes_data)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object	The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended
nodes_data	a names list where the name of each element is the name of a node. The data will be appended to the node in the nested list

Value

The D3partitionR object with the appended nodes data

add_title	<i>Add a title to a D3partitionR object</i>
-----------	---

Description

Add a title to a D3partitionR object

Usage

```
add_title(D3partitionR_object, text, style = NULL)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object	The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended
text	Title text
style	A valid CSS string which will be applied to the title)

Value

A D3partitionR object

aggregate_sessions_to_path

Aggregate a data.frame in long format with a column containing steps of each session For instance the function can be used with a frame of the form Unique ID - Step - Value 1 - ... -Value N

Description

Aggregate a data.frame in long format with a column containing steps of each session For instance the function can be used with a frame of the form Unique ID - Step - Value 1 - ... -Value N

Usage

```
aggregate_sessions_to_path(data, step_col = "step", id_col = "ID",
  values_cols = NULL, agg_function_path = sum, agg_function_session = sum,
  sep = "->")
```

Arguments

data	A dataframe
step_col	The name of the column containig the steps. The steps are assumed to be ordered
id_col	Column containing the unique identifier of each session
values_cols	Names of the other columns to keep. Default: NULL
agg_function_path	Aggregation function on a path level
agg_function_session	Aggregation function on a session level
sep	String used to separate the different steps. Default: "->"

Value

A data.table with the columns specified in count_col, value_cols and one column per step in the path

compile_D3_partitionR *Compile D3partitionR object to plot it*

Description

Compile D3partitionR object to plot it

Usage

```
compile_D3_partitionR(D3partitionR_object)
```

Arguments

`D3partitionR_object`
The `D3partitionR` object to which the data should be appended

Value

A `D3partitionR` compiled object

`compute_unique_leaf_name`
Return al the leaf names

Description

Return al the leaf names

Usage

`compute_unique_leaf_name(nested_list)`

Arguments

`nested_list` A `nested_list` where each node has a name attribute

`D3partitionR` *Creates a `D3partitionR` object*

Description

Creates a `D3partitionR` object

Usage

`D3partitionR()`

Value

A blank `D3partitionR` object (S3 class)

D3partitionR-shiny *Shiny bindings for D3partitionR*

Description

Output and render functions for using D3partitionR within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

Usage

```
D3partitionROutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")
```

```
renderD3partitionR(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)
```

Arguments

outputId	output variable to read from
width, height	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
expr	An expression that generates a D3partitionR
env	The environment in which to evaluate expr.
quoted	Is expr a quoted expression (with quote())? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.

df_to_nest *Transform a dataframe to a nested lists structure (i.e. hierarchical).*

Description

Transform a dataframe to a nested lists structure (i.e. hierarchical).

Usage

```
df_to_nest(data, step_cols, nodes_data = NULL, count_col = "value",
  value_cols = NULL, agg_function = sum, na_behavior = "rm")
```

Arguments

data	The data frame to convert to the nested structure. It needs to have several columns, each ones account for a given step
step_cols	vector containing the names of the columns which should be used as steps. The vector should be ordered. ex: c('step1','step2','step3')
nodes_data	A named list to add addition informations to each nodes

count_col	Number of occurrences in this path (succesion of steps). Default: NULL
value_cols	Names of the other columns to keep. Default: NULL
agg_function	aggregation function to be applied to value_cols.Ex: mean, sum. Default: sum. Weighted version can also be used, the weighting will be done using the counting variable
na_behavior	How to deal with missing data ?

Value

A data.table with the columns specified in count_col, value_cols and one column per step in the path

find_min_max_tree	<i>Find the maximum values of a given var in a tree</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Find the maximum values of a given var in a tree

Usage

```
find_min_max_tree(nested_list, variable = "value")
```

Arguments

nested_list	A nested_list where each node has a name attribute
variable	A nested_list where each node has a name attribute

get_all_nodes_names	<i>Return al the possible nodes names</i>
---------------------	---

Description

Return al the possible nodes names

Usage

```
get_all_nodes_names(nested_list, variable = "name")
```

Arguments

nested_list	A nested_list where each node has a name attribute
variable	the variable to collect

`is_present_variable` *Check if a variable is present in a D3partitionR object*

Description

Check if a variable is present in a D3partitionR object

Usage

```
is_present_variable(variable, D3partitionR_object)
```

Arguments

`variable` The variable which presence is to be checked
`D3partitionR_object`
 The D3partitionR object

Value

TRUE/FALSE

`plot.D3partitionR` *Plot D3partitionR object*

Description

Plot D3partitionR object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'D3partitionR'
plot(x, width = NULL, height = NULL,
      elementId = NULL, sizingPolicy = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` A D3partitionR object to plot
`width` width of the widget in pixel/percent
`height` height of the widget in pixel/percent
`elementId` html id of the widget
`sizingPolicy` sizing policy
`...` parameters for method consistency

Examples

```

require(titanic)
require(data.table)
## Reading data
titanic_data = data.table(titanic::titanic_train)

##Agregating data to have unique sequence for the 4 variables
var_names=c('Sex','Embarked','Pclass','Survived')
data_plot=titanic_data[,.N,by=var_names]
data_plot[, (var_names):=lapply(var_names,function(x){data_plot[[x]]=paste0(x,' ',data_plot[[x]])
}]]

## Plotting the chart
library("magrittr")
d3=D3partitionR() %>%
  add_data(data_plot,count = 'N',steps=c('Sex','Embarked','Pclass','Survived')) %>%
  add_title('Titanic')
## Not run:
plot(d3)

## End(Not run)

```

scale_type

Check if the scale variable is discrete or continuous

Description

Check if the scale variable is discrete or continuous

Usage

```
scale_type(color_variable, D3partitionR_object)
```

Arguments

color_variable The color variable to be assessed
D3partitionR_object
The D3partitionR object

Value

TRUE/FALSE

set_chart_type	<i>Set the chart_type</i>
----------------	---------------------------

Description

Set the chart_type

Usage

```
set_chart_type(D3partitionR_object, chart_type)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object

The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended

chart_type type fo chart to use (in c('sunburst','treemap','circle_treemap','partition_chart','icicle'))

Value

A D3partitionR object

set_continuous_color_scale	<i>Add a custom discrete color scale</i>
----------------------------	--

Description

Add a custom discrete color scale

Usage

```
set_continuous_color_scale(D3partitionR_object, color_palette)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object

The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended

color_palette a vector of two colors, the first one is use on the bottom of the scale, the other on the top.

Value

A D3partitionR object

set_legend_parameters *Set the legend parameter*

Description

Set the legend parameter

Usage

```
set_legend_parameters(D3partitionR_object, visible = T, zoom_subset = F,
  width = 100)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object	The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended
visible	boolean, should the trail be displayed ? Default: TRUE
zoom_subset	boolean, if TRUE, only the modalities present in the children of the zoomed root are displayed in the legend.
width	legend width in pixel

Value

A D3partitionR object

set_shiny_input *Configuration of a D3partitionR object as a Shiny input*

Description

Configuration of a D3partitionR object as a Shiny input

Usage

```
set_shiny_input(D3partitionR_object, input_id,
  enabled_inputs = list(clicked_node = T, leaves = T, nodes = T, ancestors =
  T, children_path = F))
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object	The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended
input_id	The id of the input
enabled_inputs	which inputs should be enabled ? default to list(clicked_node=T,leaf=T,nodes=T,ancestors=T,child_path=F)

Value

A D3partitionR object

set_tooltip_parameters

Set the tooltips parameter

Description

Set the tooltips parameter

Usage

```
set_tooltip_parameters(D3partitionR_object, visible = T, style = NULL,
  builder = "table")
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object

The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended

visible boolean, should the trail be displayed ? Default: TRUE

style a valid CSS string to be applied to the tooltip. Default: NULL

builder Tooltip builder to use for the tooltip. Can either one of the predefined tooltip ('table', 'basic') or a js expression returning a tooltip.

Value

A D3partitionR object

set_trail

Enable/disable the trail of steps

Description

Enable/disable the trail of steps

Usage

```
set_trail(D3partitionR_object, visible = T)
```

Arguments

D3partitionR_object

The D3partitionR object to which the data should be appended

visible boolean, should the trail be displayed ? Default: TRUE

Value

A D3partitionR object

strip_path	<i>Strip a dataframe containing a step into separate columns</i>
------------	--

Description

Strip a dataframe containing a step into separate columns

Usage

```
strip_path(data, path_col = "path", count_col = "count",
           value_cols = NULL, sep = "->")
```

Arguments

data	A dataframe containing the path.
path_col	Name of the column containing the path. The path should be a string of the format "step 1 -> step 2 -> step 3". Default: "path"
count_col	Name of the column containing the number of occurrences of the path. Default: "count"
value_cols	Names of the other columns to keep. Default: NULL
sep	String used to separate the different steps. Default: "->"

Value

A data.table with the columns specified in count_col, value_cols and one column per step in the path

tooltip_builder	<i>Build tooltip html function</i>
-----------------	------------------------------------

Description

Build tooltip html function

Usage

```
tooltip_builder(type)
```

Arguments

type	a tooltip type: 'basic' (i.e the variable value) or 'table' (i.e. a table with the variables names and value)
------	---

Index

add_data, 2
add_nodes_data, 3
add_title, 3
aggregate_sessions_to_path, 4

compile_D3_partitionR, 4
compute_unique_leaf_name, 5

D3partitionR, 5
D3partitionR-shiny, 6
D3partitionROutput
 (D3partitionR-shiny), 6
df_to_nest, 6

find_min_max_tree, 7

get_all_nodes_names, 7

is_present_variable, 8

plot.D3partitionR, 8

renderD3partitionR
 (D3partitionR-shiny), 6

scale_type, 9
set_chart_type, 10
set_continuous_color_scale, 10
set_discrete_color_scale, 11
set_labels_parameters, 11
set_legend_parameters, 12
set_shiny_input, 12
set_tooltip_parameters, 13
set_trail, 13
strip_path, 14

tooltip_builder, 14